

ELECTROCHEMICAL DEPOSITION OF HYDROXYAPATITE (HA) ON TITANIUM ALLOYS FOR THE IMPLANT SURFACE BIO-FUNCTIONALIZATION

BY

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Abstract. Titanium alloys are widely used in implantology. Electro-chemical deposition of hydroxyapatite (HA) on $\text{Ti}_6\text{Al}_4\text{V}$ was achieved through a two-step process, via monetite. The first step involves the electrochemical deposition of Monetite (CaHPO_4) and in the second step it is chemically transformed into hydroxyapatite ($\text{Ca}_{10}(\text{PO}_4)_6(\text{OH})_2$). The atomic proportion Ca:P is characterizing a monetite structure from the surface of the substrate. Monetite transformation into hydroxyapatite is achieved by immersing the electrochemically coated sample in NaOH 0.1 N for 90 h at room temperature.

Key words: implant surface bio-functionalization.

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